

**PATIENT INFORMATION**

**Sample Patient**  
**DOB:** 00/00/0000  
**REQUISITION ID:** 000000

**PROVIDER INFORMATION**

**Sample Provider**  
Street Address  
City, State 00000

# Celiac Evaluation Profile

**SPECIMEN TYPE:** Serum

**COLLECTION DATE:** 00/00/0000

**REPORT DATE:** 00/00/0000

MARKER	SCORE	INTERPRETATION
Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) IgA	0.40	Negative
Tissue Transglutaminase (tTG) IgG	<0.6	Negative
Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) IgA	0.70	Negative
Deamidated Gliadin Peptide (DGP) IgG	0.40	Negative

EliA Ranges U/ML
< 7 = Negative
7 - 10 = Indeterminate
>10 = Positive

- Celiac disease may be associated with diverse clinical features.
- In the clinical evaluation for celiac disease, various tests (serology, genetic, and tissue biopsy) can be used to diagnose the disease.
- Serum antibody tests are used in clinical management of celiac disease.
- Selective immunoglobulin deficiency, especially IgA deficiency, can affect the interpretation of test results. If IgA serology tests are negative in a patient with high probability of having celiac disease, then measuring total IgA should be considered.
- Test results should be correlated with clinical findings and dietary history.

Sample Report